

THE BEATE KLARSFELD FOUNDATION

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DOCUMENTS CONCERNING THE FATE OF ROMANIAN JEWRY DURING THE HOLOCAUST

VOLUME V: Bessarabia Bukovina Transnistria: Extermination and Survival

VOLUME XI: Introduction, Resumé of Documents

1 (1949) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel001.pdf>

Resumé of order no. 62783 of June 19, 1941 given by the "Leader of the State" I. Antonescu to General I. Steflea from the Army Headquarters, to identify "all the Yids, Communist agents or sympathisers as the Ministry of the Interior must know them in order to forbid their /freedom of/ movement and to be able to do with them as I shall order at the opportune moment."

(Note: The resumé is cited in the charge sheet against General O. Stavrat, commander of the Seventh Division which took part in the extermination of Jews in Northern Bukovina and Northern Bessarabia). CA, Vol. VIII. For complete text, see, Vol. VI, Doc. no. 40, pp. 424-440. p. 1.

2 (1950) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel002.pdf>

Plan for the "cleansing of the earth" given by C. Vasiliu ("Piki"), general inspector of the Gendarmerie at Roman to the gendarmes a few days before the outbreak of the war against the USSR, including the "extermination on the spot of all the Jews found in rural areas" and the "Enclosing in ghettos of the Jews in urban areas."

(Note: The plan is cited in the warrant for the arrest of V. Eftimie, secretary of the Gendarmerie Legion at Orhei and commander of the Gendarmerie post at Orhei, accused of the extermination of Jews found on rural territory). CA, Vol. VII. For complete text, see, Vol. VI, Doc. no. 41, pp. 441-455. p. 2.

3 (1946) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel003.pdf>

Stenogram of the meeting of the Council of Ministers of July 8, 1941, under the presidency of the vice-premier, M. Antonescu, including the directives "for the forced migration of the entire Jewish element from Bessarabia and Bukovina," asking the ministers "to be without mercy" and "if necessary, to fire" stressing that the task has to be accomplished "without legal formalities and with complete freedom."

(Note: The stenogram is cited in the Bill of indictment of the People's Tribunal against 19 commanders, officers and petty officers of the Gendarmerie of the districts of Czernowitz (Cernauti), Hotin, Orhei, Cetatea Alba, Ismail, Kishinev accused of mass extermination of the Jewish population). CA, Vo. VII. For complete document, see Vol. VI, Doc. no. 15, pp. 199-218. pp. 3-6.

3A (1948) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel003A.pdf>

Order for the "cleansing of Bessarabia of political suspects" given by General Inspector of the Gendarmerie C. Vasiliu to the Legions of Gendarmerie at Chilia, Cetatea Alba and Ismail.

(Note: The order is cited in the warrant for the arrest of M. Atanasie, commander of the Legion of Gendarmes of Chilia). CA, Vol. VII. For complete text, see Vol. VI, Doc. no. 27, pp. 284-297. p. 7.

4 (1948) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel004.pdf>

Statement regarding the responsibility of the Romanian Army in the implementation of the order to exterminate the Jews and the subordination of the civil to the military authorities.

(Note: The statement is cited in the Bill of indictment against the Commander of Balti Legion of Gendarmerie, M. Boulescu, and commissioners accused of collaboration with SS units in the shooting of 30 Jewish intellectuals in Balti; organization of the assassination of 80 Jews and a number of Jewish hostages; erection of the camp "Rautel". CA, Vol VII. For complete text, see Vol. VI. Doc. no. 25, pp. 268-279. p. 8.

4A (21.06.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel004.pdf>

General Antonescu's order for the evacuation of all Jews between the Siret and Prut rivers, and their transfer to the camp at Targu Jiu. YVA P-6/18. p. 9.

5 (09.07.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel005.pdf>

Einsatzkommando (Operational Unit) 10b of Einsatzgruppe D to Army Group South on cooperation with Romanian police at Czernowitz; search for political suspects; arrest of Communists and Jews; shooting of 500 Jews in the course of 8-9 July. Nuremberg Documents NOKW-597, National Archives Washington, Record Group 238. pp.10-11.

- 6 (10.07.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel006.pdf>
Chief of Security Police and SD: Report of Einsatzkommando 10b on the situation in Czernowitz; arrest of poor Jews by Romanian authorities; proposed anti-Jewish and pro-Ukrainian measures; measures taken by the Einsatzkommando at Hotin (excerpts). Nuremberg Documents NO-4135. p. 12.
- 7 (11.07.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel006.pdf>
Idem. Successful cooperation with the Romanian Gendarmerie; lack of foresight in Romanian anti-Jewish measures prior to the intervention of the Einsatzkommando; plundering by Romanian soldiers; anti-Ukrainian measures (excerpts). Nuremberg Documents NO-2934. p. 13.
- 8 (12.07.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel008.pdf>
command of the German Feldgendarmerie: Annex to the Report of Activity in the period from July 1-31, 1941; urgent dispatch of a company of gendarmes to Jassy to ensure the security of German troops in the town after an attempted revolt of the local Jews. (Some 2500-5000 of them were killed.) YVA DN/43, File No. 39, pp. 8254-8502. p. 14.
- 9 (17.07.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel009.pdf>
Chief of the Security Police and SD: Report on the activity of Einsatzkommando 10a in Balti; anti-Jewish measures taken by Romanian forces, including the murder of an inestimable number of Jews; lack of technical preparation for killing on the Romanian side (excerpts). Nuremberg Documents NO-2939. pp. 15-16.
- 10 (17.07.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel010.pdf>
report from the office of the High Pretor I. Topor to Army Headquarters concerning the arrest of thousands of Jews in the Balti district. CA. p. 17.
- 11 (18.07.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel011.pdf>
Telegram from the High Pretor to the Ministry of the Interior to the effect that 3,548 Jews in the Balti area are "undesirable" and should be deported. CA. p. 18.
- 12 (18.07.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel011.pdf>
Order by General Antonescu to the effect that all Jews in camps are obliged to perform forced labor, and in case of one escaping, one out of every ten internees might be shot in reprisal. Were they not to work, they would be deprived of food. CA. p. 19.
- 13 (20.07.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel013.pdf>
Ordinance No. 1244 issued by A. Riosanu, Antonescu's deputy for the administration of Bukovina, restricting the Jews' movements, professional activity, and ordering the wearing of the yellow badge. CA. p. 20.
- 14 (22.07.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel013.pdf>
Circular sent by the High Pretor transmitting the Undersecretary of State's order that the Jews of Balti, Falesti and Limbenii Noui be sent to work until such time as they could be interned. CA. p. 21.

15 (28.07.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel015.pdf>

Report of the Special Intelligence Commando "Werwolf" regarding the favorable attitude of the local population of Bessarabia towards the Russian occupying regime due to the Soviet propaganda methods, the profound dislike of the Romanian regime, and the possibility of a German occupation of the area. YVA, German Record Microfilmed at Alexandria, National Archives Washington, T.314, Roll 1337 (Anlage 5.). p. 22.

16 (29.07.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel016.pdf>

Chief of the Security Police and SD: Report on the activity of Einsatzgruppe D in Balti and the collaboration of the Romanian Police against the Balti Jews stressing that the number of those shot by the Romanians could not be established; the murder of 45 Jewish community leaders by Einsatzkommando 10a ("the Romanian Police acted ... under the guidance of the Kommandos"). (Excerpts.) Nuremberg Documents NO-2952. pp. 23-24.

17 (31.07.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel017.pdf>

The Chief of the Security Police and SD regarding the activity of Einsatzgruppe D in Bessarabia (Balti) and the behavior of the Romanian Police towards the Jews, stressing that "There is no method in the way in which the Romanians deal with the Jews; no adequate technical preparations were taken during the numerous executions of Jews, the Romanians usually leaving the executed persons where they have been shot without burying them," and that "the Einsatzkommando has issued instructions to the Romanian Police to proceed somewhat more systematically in this matter." (Excerpts.) Nuremberg Documents NO-2651. pp. 25-26.

18 (01.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel018.pdf>

Report of the Chief of the Security Police and SD regarding the action of Einsatzgruppe D: occupation of Czernowitz, shooting of 682 Jews by the Romanian Police, murder of Communists and Jews in the Czernowitz and Hotin areas by the Einsatzgruppe; the corruption of the Romanian administration; the economic situation; the problem of the property abandoned by the evacuated local German population in Northern Bukovina (excerpts.). Nuremberg Documents NO-2950. p. 27.

19 (17.07. - 03.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel019.pdf>

Report of Einsatzgruppe D to the Deputy Chief of the Security Police and SD, regarding the occupation of Kishinev, incendiary and sabotage action by the soviets, erection of a ghetto by the Romanian commander of the town by order of Sonderkommando XI, the wearing of the yellow badge, the shooting of Jews by Romanians and Germans. Nuremberg Documents NOKW-3233. pp. 28-30.

20 (05.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel020.pdf>

Report of the Chief of the Security Police and SD regarding the return of the Romanian corrupt regime to Northern Bukovina, and the Jewish and Ukrainian problems in the area (excerpts). Nuremberg Documents NOKW-2949. pp. 31-33.

- 21 (07.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel021.pdf>
Report of the Chief of the Security Police and SD regarding the action of the various Einsatzkommandos of Einsatzgruppe D in Kishinev, Tighina, Mogilev, Kodyma and Yaropol including the shooting of 551 Jews in Kishinev and hundreds elsewhere (excerpts). Nuremberg Documents NO-2948. p. 34.
- 22 (05.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel021.pdf>
Notice No. 71 of the Gendarmerie Legion at Soroca to the Inspectorate at Czernowitz to erect a temporary camp to enclose 20,000 Jews. CA. p. 35.
- 23 0(05.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel021.pdf>
Report by the Gendarmerie Inspectorate at Czernowitz on a telephone communication from Colonel Manecuta concerning convoys of Jews at Ataki. CA. p. 35.
- 24 (06.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel021.pdf>
Report of the Gendarmerie Legion at Soroca to the High Pretor concerning the return of 3,000 Jews by the Germans to the Romanian side of the Dniester. CA. p. 35.
- 25 (05.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel025.pdf>
Report by the Gendarmerie Legion at Soroca on their telephone communication to the High Pretor concerning the sudden arrival of 20,000 Jews from Hotin and Storojineti whom the Germans prevented from crossing the Dniester. CA. p. 36.
- 26 (08.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel025.pdf>
Report of the Gendarmerie Legion at Hotin to the High Pretor concerning living conditions for some 60,000 Bukovinian and Bessarabian Jews amassed in the region between Secureni and Ataki whom the Germans did not permit to cross the Dniester. The Gendarmerie requests further orders. CA. p. 36.
- 27 (08.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel025.pdf>
Order of the High Pretor to the Gendarmerie Inspectorate at Czernowitz to erect temporary camps for the evacuated Jews and to accomodate those driven back by the German across the Dniester, until receipt of further orders. CA. p. 36.
- 28 (09.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel028.pdf>
Report of the Pretor of the Third Army to the High Pretor concerning 10,000 Jews in Edineti and the immediate necessity to construct a camp as "they are a danger to public health." CA. pp. 37-38.
- 29 (08.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel028.pdf>
Report of the Pretor of the Third Army to the High Pretor concerning the arrest of 25,000 Jews by the Gendarmerie at Soroca, the lack of minimal basic supplies, and the necessity to build camps speedily; the attempt by the German Police at Ataki to return 4,500 Jews whom the Romanians also refused. CA. p. 38.

- 30 (09.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel028.pdf>
Minutes of the meeting between SS-Untersturmführer H. Fröhlich and Captain I. Vetu detailing the execution of 451 Jews from the camp at Tataresti following Antonescu's order. YVA, O-11/59. p. 39.
- 31 (11.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel031.pdf>
Inspectorate at Czernowitz to the Service of the High Pretor concerning the erection of a camp at Secureni for 20,852 Jews, and impossibility to ensure their alimentation. CA. p. 40.
- 32 (12.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel031.pdf>
Report of the Service of the High Pretor to the Army Headquarters to the effect that the Germans are preparing the transfer of 12,000 Jews from Mogilev to Romania proper. CA. p. 41.
- 33 (11.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel031.pdf>
Report by the Inspectorate at Czernowitz to the High Pretor on the latter's telephone communication concerning the Jews at the camp of Secureni who, because of lack of food and proper sanitary facilities, may become a danger to public health. CA. p. 41.
- 34 (10.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel031.pdf>
Inspectorate at Czernowitz to the High Pretor concerning the problems facing him in the internment of 22,000 Jews in the camps of Secureni, Barnova and Berbeni, and particularly the danger that the Jews die of hunger. CA. p. 41.
- 35 (13.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel035.pdf>
Inspectorate of the Kishinev Gendarmerie to the High Pretor concerning the execution of the Jews who refused to work in the camp of Tataresti-Chilea; the shooting of 200 Jews and the disposal of the bodies in the Dniester. CA. p. 42.
- 36 (13.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel035.pdf>
The Pretor of the Third Army to the Service of the High Pretor reporting that 2,000 Jews driven back by the Germans at the Dniester had arrived at Vadu Rascu (in a state of complete misery), contrary to the latter's order that they be sent back to the Ukraine. Request to intervene with Army Headquarters that the latter order not to permit the Jews to return to Bessarabia. CA. p. 43.
- 37-39 (14. - 21.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel037.pdf>
Correspondence between Inspectorate Czernowitz and the Army Headquarters concerning the Romanian refusal to surrender 27 Jews to Einsatzkommando 10b, as the latter did not communicate the purpose of this request to the Romanians. CA. p. 44.
- 40 (15.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel037.pdf>
Telegram from the High Pretor to the Inspectorate at Kishinev, reporting that Jews in the camp at Tataresti (Tatarasi) had refused to work and were executed. CA. p. 45.

- 41 (15.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel041.pdf>
Service of the High Pretor to Army Headquarters reporting on the necessity to construct two camps (one at Edineti, the other at Secureni) due to the large number of Jews (20,000). CA. p. 46.
- 42-43 (17.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel041.pdf>
Order of Army Headquarters to the Service of the High Pretor to intern, in the camp of Vertujeni, 13,000 Jews driven back by the Germans stationed on the Dniester. CA. p. 47.
- 44 (19.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel044.pdf>
Inspectorate of the Kishinev Gendarmerie to the High Pretor reporting that 118 Jews from Tataresti had been shot; the remainder had disappeared and a search had been initiated. CA. p. 48.
- 45 (17.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel044.pdf>
High Pretor's Office ordering the Pretor of Flamura Unit to travel to Soroca and, together with the commander of Soroca Gendarmerie Legion, to take immediate measures for the transfer and supervision of the 13,000 Jews sent back by the Germans from the Ukraine to Bessarabia. Order to the commander of the Soroca Legion to remain on the spot at Cosauti due to the importance of the mission. CA. p. 49.
- 46 (17.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel044.pdf>
Inspectorate at Jassy to the Service of the High Pretor, reporting that the 13,000 Jews had been interned at Vertujeni; arrangements concerning Jews currently interned at Alexandru-Cel-Bun and Reblenitz (Rublenita) to be transferred there. CA. p. 49.
- 47 (19.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel044.pdf>
High Pretor to Army Headquarters; idem. CA. p. 49.
- 48 (17.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel048.pdf>
High Pretor to the Inspectorate of the Kishinev Gendarmerie, complaining of the difficulties caused by the commander of the Soroca Gendarmerie who did not assist the transfer of the 13,000 Jews from Cosauti to Vertujeni. CA. p. 50.
- 49 (17.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel048.pdf>
Telegram from the Inspectorate of the Jassy Gendarmerie to the High Pretor's Service concerning the transfer of 12,500 Jews by the Germans from Iampol to Cosauti. CA. p. 50.
- 50 (19.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel048.pdf>
Request by the High Pretor to the Kishinev Gendarmerie for information as to whether or not the Germans would transfer other Jews to the Romanian side of the Dniester. CA. p. 50.

51 (19.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel048.pdf>

Kishinev Inspectorate to the High Pretor requesting telegraphic instructions to the Legion at Soroca to transfer the same 12,500 Jews to the Ukraine and to show cause as to why they were permitted to cross. CA. p. 51.

52 (20.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel052.pdf>

Report of request called in to the Third Army Pretor by the High Pretor for transmission to Czernowitz Inspectorate, to surround all ghettos and camps in the Hotin district with barbed wire and to establish a special guard system to prevent escapes. CA. p. 51-52.

53 (21.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel053.pdf>

Copy of the report of the Third Army Pretor to the High Pretor concerning the internment in the camp of Vertujeni of 13,500 Jews returned by the Germans from the Ukraine and the transfer of 8,500 Jews from the camps of Alexandru-Cel-Bun and Rublenita. Request for advice as to where the Jews under the supervision of the Balti Gendarmerie are to be interned. CA. p. 52.

54 (12.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel053.pdf>

German Embassy of Bucharest to the Ministry for Foreign Affairs in Berlin regarding Romanian anti-Jewish measures: forced labor of 60,000 Jews in Bessarabia as ordered by the Leader of the State; gathering of Jews from Bucharest and their dispatch to labor camps; repercussions of these measures on the Romanian economy and German-Romanian economic relations. The German Embassy asks M. Antonescu to moderate the tempo of replacing of Jewish elements and the Romanian authorities take adequate measures according to German demands. Nuremberg Documents NG-3106. p. 53.

55 (18.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel055.pdf>

1) Army Headquarters to the High Pretor requesting an urgent report on the Jews and their properties in rural bourgs and villages.

s. d. 2) Inspectorate of the Gendarmerie at Czernowitz to the High Pretor with addended report by the Hotin Gendarmerie in reply to above. CA. (See No. 70). p. 54.

56 (14.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel055.pdf>

Gendarmerie at Balti to the Inspectorate of the Kishinev Gendarmerie concerning an investigation of the murder of Jews in the village of Taura Noua, and the supposed lack of evidence that the Romanians perpetrated the murders. CA. p. 55.

57 (21.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel057.pdf>

Original of Doc. No. 53. YVA, 0-11/60. p. 56.

58 (23.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel057.pdf>

Commandant of Prison Camp No. 5 to the Third Army: "Statistics concerning the 23,009 'Yids' interned in the camp at Vertujeni as of August 23, 1941." CA. p. 57.

59-60 (24.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel057.pdf>

Order of the High Pretor to the Inspectorate of the Kishinev and Czernowitz Gendarmeries to report on the number of camps and Jews interned. CA. p. 57.

61 (26.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel061.pdf>

Third Army to the commandant of the Secureni camp, transmitting the order of the Commander of the Romanian Army to the effect that all able-bodied Jews may be put to work, and requests for able-bodied men from any source were to be honored. Added: copy of the order by General Antonescu that the Jews be used for repairing of roads and other work for the "general welfare" CA. p. 58.

62 (30.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel062.pdf>

"Treaty regarding the security, administration and economic exploitation of the territory between the Dniester and the Bug (Transnistria), and the Bug and the Dnieper," signed at Tighina by the representative of Romanian Army Headquarters, General Tataranu and the representative of the German Army, General Hauffe. Nuremberg Documents PS-3319. p. 59-63.

63 (22.06. - 31.08.941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel063.pdf>

Report of "Abt./eilung/ IC" (for Intelligence and Sabotage) regarding activity and cooperation with the Romanians during this period. Contains description of the atrocities, plunder and rapes committed by the Romanians – Army, Police, population – against Jews of Bessarabia (Ungheni, Parlita-Targ, Chiscareni, Radeni, Kishinev) and against local Germans in the Ukraine (excerpts). YVA, German Records microfilmed at Alexandria, National Archives Washington, T.314, Roll 1337, Frame 838. pp. 64-69.

64 (01.09.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel064.pdf>

Inspectorate of the Czernowitz Gendarmerie to the Service of the High Pretor reporting on conditions in the camps of Edineti and Secureni. YVA, 0-11/59. pp. 70-72.

65 (02.09.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel065.pdf>

Coded telegram from the High Pretor to the Tighina Gendarmerie announcing that the deportations would begin on September 6, via Criuleni and Rezina, and Note by the Commander of Tighina Legion that the original order was burnt. CA. p. 73.

66 (03.09.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel065.pdf>

The Commander of the Tighina Legion to General Topor, acknowledging receipt of Marshal Antonescu's order and stating that "the transport of those about whom we know" will begin on September 15. CA. p. 73.

67 (04.09.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel067.pdf>

Army Headquarters to the Service of the High Pretor requesting a report of the Jewish camps and ghettos in Bessarabia and Bukovina. CA. p. 74.

68 (September 1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel067.pdf>

Statistical report of the Service of the High Pretor on camps for Jews in Bessarabia and Bukovina. CA. p. 74.

69 (09.09.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel067.pdf>

Inspectorate of the Gendarmerie at Kishinev to the High Pretor reporting on the villages and rural bourgs in which Jews had dwelled, and the properties they had left behind. CA. p. 75.

70 ((28.08.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel070.pdf>

Czernowitz Gendarmerie transmitting a report prepared by the Hotin Gendarmerie to the High Pretor, on rural bourgs and villages on the border with the Soviet Union, formerly populated by Jews. CA. pp. 75-81.

71 (11.09.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel071.pdf>

Inspectorate of the Gendarmerie at Czernowitz to the Civil Administration of Bukovina, stating that the population of two camps in the Hotin district is 22,449 (10,201 Jews in Secureni; 12,248 in Edineti). Note that the State does not contribute to their subsistence, but that it is the role of the Prefecture to put them to work and to feed them. CA. pp. 82-83.

71A (11.09.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel071.pdf>

"Instructions for the Administration of the Camps of Secureni and Edineti." CA. p. 83.

72-73 (11.09.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel072.pdf>

Inspectorate of the Gendarmerie of Bessarabia to the Service of the High Pretor transmitting a copy of the instructions and map to the offices in charge of the evacuation of the Vertujeni camp, showing the two itineraries the convoys would take. CA. pp. 84-87.

74 (12.09.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel074.pdf>

Inspectorate of the Gendarmerie at Czernowitz to the High Pretor reporting that the German units continued to drive Ukrainians and Jews back to the other side of the Dniester, and requesting advice. CA. p. 88.

75 (18.09.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel074.pdf>

The High Pretor to the Inspectorate at Czernowitz informing him that the administration of the camps was in the hands of the Prefectures and the Army. CA. p. 88.

76 (24.09.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel074.pdf>

Ministry of the Interior to the General Inspector of the Gendarmerie to the effect that Jews would not be exempt from work on Jewish holidays. CA. p. 89.

77 (05.10.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel077.pdf>

National Bank of Romania to the Bukovina and Bessarabia Governors' Offices transmitting Antonescu's order regarding "the norms for exchange of jewelry and precious metals in possession of the evacuated Jews of Bukovina and Bessarabia." The operation was to be carried out prior to the deportation of the Jews, at the crossing points on the Dniester. CA. p. 90.

78 (09.10.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel078.pdf>

1) Instructions of the Army High Command regarding the deportation of the Jews of Suceava, Burdujeni and Itcani: permission to take clothes and food "no more than each can carry with him;" ban on foreign currency and the obligation to surrender all valuables and jewelry, as well as the keys to the dwellings, to a commission in the townhall.

2) Instructions to the local authorities regarding the measures for the evacuation of the Jews from the city of Suceava and the communities Itcani and Burdujeni.

3) Prefecture of Suceava district nominating the Mayor of Suceava to sit on the commission for appropriating of the jewelry of the Jews to be deported. CA. pp. 91-94.

79 (09.10.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel079.pdf>

Antonescu's deputy for the administration of Bukovina to the Military Commander there, instructing that he surround the city of Czernowitz making it possible for the Jews to leave. YVA, 0-11/60. p. 95.

80 (10.10.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel080.pdf>

Civil administration of Bukovina to the Military Commander of the region informing him of the decision to evacuate the Jews of Bukovina and the necessity to erect a ghetto in Czernowitz by the municipality; later the Jews would be transported by train. The assembly, embarkation and transport of the Jews fell to the Inspectorate at Czernowitz. YVA, 0-11/60. p. 96.

81 (11.10.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel080.pdf>

Ministry of Finance to the National Bank of Romania agreeing that the Bank pay for jewelry and precious metals confiscated from the evacuated Jews with rubles at an exchange rate of 1 ruble = 40 leis. The objects were to be bought by the delegates of the Bank who would have to confiscate "the receipts for the rubles from the Jews ... before the Jews' departure." CA. p. 97.

82 (11.10.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel082.pdf>

Civil administration of Bukovina, Ordinance No. 38, ordering the death penalty for anyone indulging in acts of "disorder" or "brigandry", buying, selling or exchanging precious metals, stones, jewels, etc. YVA, 0-11/60. p. 98.

83 (11.10.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel082.pdf>

"Program for the Assembly of the Jews in the Ghetto of Czernowitz," signed by the Governor of Bukovina, General C. Calotescu. YVA, 0-11/60 p. 99.

84 (11.10.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel084.pdf>

"Regulation Concerning the Functioning of the Ghetto of Czernowitz" forbidding the Jews to enter or leave, signed by General Calotescu. YVA, 0-11/60. pp. 100-101.

85 (11.10.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel085.pdf>

Announcement to the effect that the Jewish population of Czernowitz was to be concentrated in a ghetto, and then deported. Designates the baggage Jews were permitted to take; states that Jews found outside the ghetto after 6 p.m. would be shot. YVA, 0-11/60. p. 102.

86 (16.10.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel086.pdf>

Note by a police informer on the manner in which the evacuation of the Jews from Czernowitz proceeded, specifying the fact that many Jews were robbed and numerous Romanians became wealthy. Mentions that certain Jewish specialists would remain as they were necessary to general well. YVA, 0-11/60. pp. 103-109.

87 (17.10.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel087.pdf>

Note from the German Embassy of Bucharest to the Ministry for Foreign Affairs in Berlin, stating that 110,000 Jews from Bukovina and Bessarabia had been deported on order of Marshal Antonescu, aim being their liquidation. Nuremberg Documents PS-3319. p. 110.

88 (22.10.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel088.pdf>

Desperate appeal of the Raduti community president to Filderman imploring him to intervene to prevent the deportation of the Jews gathered under the open sky at the crossing point at Ataki. Stresses that hundreds of Jews died, committed suicide or went mad. YVA P-6/18. pp. 111-112.

89 (23.10.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel089.pdf>

Odessa pogrom of October 23, 1941 organized by the Romanian Army, Police and Gendarmerie ending in the killing of almost 15,000 Jews, as described in the Bill of Indictment of the first group of Romanian war criminals (excerpts).

"Actul de acuzare, rechizitoriile si replica acuzarii in procesul primului lot de criminali de razboi," Editura Apararii Patriotice, Bucuresti 1945. pp. 113-114.

90 (27.10.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel090.pdf>

Commentary of a journalist known to be anti-Semite praising Antonescu's decision to erect ghettos, deport the Bessarabian and Bukovinian Jews and to embark upon "the radical and definitive solution to the Jewish Question" stressing past "sins" of Romanian Jews such as the attempt to gain citizenship with the help of foreign powers. I. Radulescu: "Traiasca Maresalul Antonescu!" Porunca Vremii. pp. 115-117.

90A (28.10.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel090A.pdf>

Petition by 250 Jews of Radauti deported to Mogilev to the Prefect of the district begging him to allow their transportation by lorry to the new destination, asking him to "choose" an adequate locality for them." p. 118.

91 (28.10.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel090A.pdf>

Anonymous press commentary approving the measures taken by Antonescu against the Jews of Bessarabia and Bukovina, as pointed out in the Marshal's letter to Filderman, stressing that these measures were "congenial" and that "the end of the war will mark Europe's total disinfection of the Jewish element." Opinia Capitalei. p. 119.

- 92 (29.10.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel092.pdf>
Short exposé of the "Jewish Question" as seen by the sharpest anti-Semitic circles of Romania in the light of Antonescu's decision "to cleanse the homeland of Jews" stressing that "Reunited Romania will be a free one as in the dreams of the forefathers." I. Radulescu: "Servitudinea Judaica s'a prabusit." Porunca Vremii. pp. 120-121.
- 93 ((29.10.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel093.pdf>
The anti-Semitic journalist Prundeni justifies Antonescu's decision to deport the Jews, stating that the "finale of a terrible tragedy is taking place today under our eyes. We smile ... The hooligans are taking revenge today ... Judaism is felled today ..." I. Prundeni: "Marele Rechizitoriu." Porunca Vremii. pp. 122-123.
- 94 (29.10.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel094.pdf>
Mischievous criticism – in the light of the decision to deport the Jews – of the Jewish writer U. Benador's novel "20th Century Ghetto", Bucharest 1934 (about lift in the Jewish quarter of Bucharest), stressing that the true ghettos of the twentieth century were those on the Bug river and praising the Marshal's historical resolution "to delimit precisely the spiritual and territorial boundaries between us and them." St. Anghelescu: "Ghettourile de pe Bug." Porunca Vremii. p.124.
- 95 (29.10.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel095.pdf>
Anti-Semitic attack of an Orthodox priest against the Jewish people, based on Christian religion: "... in view of the secular sins of the Jews they do not deserve mercy." Gh. Butnariu: "Apeluri evreesti la constiinta crestina." Porunca Vremii. pp. 125-126.
- 96 (29.10.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel096.pdf>
German press reports (reprinted in the Romanian press) on Germany's support of marshal Antonescu's decision to deport the Jews of Bessarabia and Bukovina, stressing that the Jews everywhere "are responsible for the provocation and the atrocities of the current war." Timpul. p. 127.
- 97 (30.10.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel097.pdf>
Reflections on the role of the ghetto in Jewish history stressing that it represented "a transitory measure in the isolation of the Jews on their definitive exodus from Europe in the light of the fact that "the liquidation of Judaism has entered into its final and decisive phase in Romania." I. Radulescu: "Lichidarea Judaismului in Romania." Porunca Vremii. pp. 128-130.
- 98-100 (29., 30., 31.10.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel098.pdf>
Three reports by the Commander of the 23rd Company of the Police on the deportation of some 2,000 Jews from the Kishinev ghetto to Transnistria. YVA, 0-11/60. pp. 131-133.

101 (31.10.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel101.pdf>

Note by a police informer reporting on the way in which the Jews passed through Ataki to Transnistria, and the enrichment of Police Lieutenant S. Rosca and his aides through their pillaging of the Jews. Inspector-General of the Gendarmerie, Topor notes in handwriting that a police team must be sent to each of the three transit points to ensure that Jewish valuables are turned over to the Romanian National Bank. YVA, 0-11/60. pp. 134-135.

102 (02.11.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel102.pdf>

General Topor to Major A. Teodorescu-Sachelarie, ordering him to take a team of police to the three transfer points along the Dniester, to observe the way in which the deportations were effected. YVA, 0-11/60. pp. 136-137.

103-105 (06.11.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel103.pdf>

Statements by Second Lieutenants S. Anton, S. Rosca, V. Balea, M. Marine, of the 60th Police Company regarding the deportation of the Jews to Transnistria; confiscations of gold, money and baggage by military, police and civilians; murder of Jews; pillaging by the official representatives of the Romanian National Bank. YVA, 0-11/60. pp. 138-156.

106 (06.11.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel106.pdf>

Report of Second Lieutenant A. Cocuz on the body-search of the Jews of Edineti prior to their deportation to Transnistria, expressing this displeasure at the fact that the National Bank of Romania confiscated the Jews' money without issuing receipts. YVA, 0-11/60. pp. 157-159.

107 (05. - 06.11.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel107.pdf>

Order of General Inspector of the Gendarmerie to investigate the abuses perpetrated by the 60th Police Company during the Jew's crossing of the Dniester, pursuant to Major Sachelarie's report. YVA, 0-11/60. p. 160.

108 (10.11.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel107.pdf>

Inspectorate of the Gendarmerie at Kishinev to the General Inspectorate concerning the last remaining 2,000 Jews of Marculesti sent to the other side of the Dniester; 10 cars of baggage left behind by the Jews; the delousing by the Gendarmes. YVA, 0-11/60. p. 161.

109-110 (11.11.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel109.pdf>

Copy of a note by a police informer and typed version concerning the transfer of the Jews via Ataki, the confiscation of their baggage, and the pillage of their valuables by the delegates of the Romanian National Bank. YVA, 0-11/60. pp. 162-173.

111 (11.11.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel111.pdf>

Inspector of the Gendarmerie at Kishinev to the General Inspectorate on the results of an inquiry into Captain I. Vetu's pillaging of valuable goods of deported Jews, advising that under the circumstances he be discharged from the Army. YVA, 0-11/60. pp. 174-175.

112 (11.11.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel112.pdf>

Ordinance No. 23 of the High Commander of the Romanian Army and the Civil Governor of Transnistria concerning conditions in that territory. YVA, 0-11/60; CA. pp. 176-177.

113 (15.11.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel113.pdf>

Anonymous commentary stating that the Romanian Jews must reconcile with the idea that Romania will solve the Jewish Problem and that "it is only a matter of the necessary possibilities for the liquidation norms to be immediately applied," Romania being one of the nations "which have decided to collaborate effectively in the definitive solution of the Jewish Question – not only the local but the European one." *Opinia Capitalei*. p. 178.

114 (17.11.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel113.pdf>

National Bank of Romania asking the Ministry of Finance to send a representative to the opening of the cases containing the precious objects taken from the Jews of Bessarabia and Bukovina. Also proposes to invite two or three well-known jewellers to inventory and evaluate the objects. CA. p. 179.

115 (20.11.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel115.pdf>

Report of a police informer on the visit of Colonel Constantinescu of the Officer of the Prime Minister at the crossing point at Ataki to survey the deportations of the Jews, underscoring attempts by the Romanian Police to change money at a lower rate than the official one. YVA, 0-11/60. pp. 180-181.

116 (22. - 24.11.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel116.pdf>

The Governor of Bukovina to the Romanian National Bank asking to return the non-precious objects confiscated from the Jews of Bukovina. The Bank is remitting this letter to the Ministry of Finance adding that "among the confiscated objects there are also a number of watch casements" and proposing to deliver them to military units at Czernowitz. CA. pp. 182-183.

117 (26.11.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel117.pdf>

Minister of Finance announcing to the Romanian National Bank that C. Conta and M. Dominte are to be its representatives at the opening of the cases and the inventory of the precious objects confiscated from the Jews of Bessarabia and Bukovina. CA. p. 184.

118 (26.11.1941) (?) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel117.pdf>

Confidential note of the Romanian National Bank to the President of the Council of Ministers informing him that legally, "the Bank cannot oblige the Jews to sell their jewels but only the ingots and coins." CA. p. 185.

119 (02.12.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel119.pdf>

Ministry of Finance to the Romanian National Bank naming N. Branzei as representative to be present at the opening of the cases of precious objects taken over from the deported Jews, and their inventory. The Ministry agrees also to the services of well-known jewellers for the evaluation of these objects. CA. p. 186.

120 (09.12.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel119.pdf>

Ministry of Finance to the National Bank requesting an inventory of the precious objects (taken from the Jews). It was decided that bulk gold and silver would be taken by the Bank and the gold or silver objects would be sold at auction. CA. p. 187.

121 (09.12.1941) (?) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel121.pdf>

The Minister of Finance informing the National Bank that he does not agree that "the objects collected in Bukovina" and not made of precious metals be delivered to the Government of Bukovina. CA. p. 188.

122 (10.12.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel121.pdf>

The Presidency of the Council of Ministers confidentially to the FUCE that Marshal Antonescu officially approves the dispatch of money and medicine to the deported Jews in Transnistria. YVA P-6. p. 189.

123 (17.12.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel123.pdf>

Inspectorate of the Gendarmerie at Kishinev to General Nicolescu, President of the committee for the inquiry in the matter of the objects of value and money taken by Captain of Gendarmerie I. Vetu from the Jews in the Tataresti camp just before their murder; advice that the matter not be publicized "due to the circumstances under which these Jews were executed." YVA, 0-11/60. pp. 190-191

124 (December 1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel124.pdf>

"Report of Inquiry No. 2 by the Commission Created According to the Instructions of Marshal Antonescu, for the Investigation into Irregularities in the Kishinev Ghetto." CA. pp. 192-196.

125 (21. - 31.12.1941) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel125.pdf>

The massacre of 48,000 Jews at the death camp of Bogdanovka as described in the bill of indictment at the trial in Romania of the first group of war criminals. "Actul de Acuzare, rechizitoriile si replica acuzarii in procesul primului lot de criminali de razboi." Editura Apararii patriotice, Bucuresti 1945. pp. 197-199.

126 (03.01. - 01.02.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel126.pdf>

Military Commander of Odessa to the Office of the Pretor: daily bulletins concerning the morale in Odessa, including the relationship between the local population and the Jews; deportation by train of tens of thousands of Jews from the Odessa ghetto to Berezovka. CA. pp. 200-214.

127 (09.01.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel127.pdf>

General Inspectorate of the Gendarmerie: bulletin on state of mind of the civil population, pointing out that the Jews reacted with emotion to news of the Soviet military success. CA. pp. 215-219.

(Note: second page of the document – p.216 – erroneously added here; it belongs to Document No. 133A.)

128 (15.12.1941 - 15.01.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel128.pdf>

Gendarmerie Inspectorate of Transnistria: "Bulletin for Transnistria," regarding 118,847 deportees from Bessarabia and Bukovina; fears of the local population; conversion of children of local Jews; marriage of Jewish local girls to non-Jews; and the transfer of Jews from Mogilev to Romania proper by the German soldiers in exchange for 50-60,000 lei. CA. pp. 220-221.

129 (17.01.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel129.pdf>

Gendarmerie Inspectorate of Transnistria: note on the beginning of the deportation of Odessian Jews on Jan. 12, 1942, and the problems encountered in their transfer to Mostovoi-Vasilyevo, due to -20°C temperature, lack of food, and their poor physical condition. CA. p. 222.

130 (10.01.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel129.pdf>

Law No. 21 authorizing the National Bank of Romania to sell rubles to the Jews evacuated from Northern Bukovina, Northern Moldova and Bessarabia. Monitorul Oficial No. 9. p. 223.

131 (14.01.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel131.pdf>

Complaint by the Prefecture of the Soroca district to the Minister for National Defense against the Army delegate who transferred remaining property of deported Jews, without the prior agreement of the Prefecture. CA. pp. 224-225.

132 (22.01.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel132.pdf>

Ministry of the Interior to the Jewish Center announcing that the Deputy Minister of the Interior, General Vasiliu, agrees that five delegates from the Center travel to the Mogilev and Balta districts to organize the welfare activities necessary for the deported Jews. YVA P-6/17. p. 226.

133 (26.01.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel132.pdf>

Ministry of the Interior to the Jewish Center announcing that the former agrees that only two delegates of the Jewish Center travel to Tiraspol (Transnistria) in order to transfer medicine and cash for the deported Jews. YVA P-6/17. p. 227.

133A (09. - 27.01.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel133A.pdf>

General Inspectorate of the Gendarmerie: daily bulletins and resumé on the condition of the Jews in Odessa; epidemics in the ghettos and camps of Transnistria; arrival of 118,847 Jews from Bessarabia and Bukovina; exchange of money; the arrest of individual Jews.

(Note: second page of the document missing here; erroneously included with Document No. 127, p.216.) p. 228.

134 (02. - 23.02.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel134.pdf>

Office of the Pretor of Odessa: daily bulletins on the identification and arrests of Jews using false papers; continued arrests of Jews in the city and transfers to the ghetto; ongoing deportations of local Jews to Berezovka; the relationship of the local population to the Jews; trial of Jews refusing to enter the ghetto. CA. pp. 229-233.

134A (19. - 26.02.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel134A.pdf>

Office of the Pretor of the Third Army: daily bulletins concerning the arrest of Jews using false papers: transfer of Jews from Tighina who attempted to flee to Romania proper on false papers; deportations of Jews to Berezovka; roundup of Jews in various sectors of Odessa. CA. pp. 234-237.

135 (07.02.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel135.pdf>

Gendarmerie Inspectorate of Transnistria to the General Inspectorate on the murder of Jews by German SS Officers at Dubosari. CA. p. 238.

135A (11.02.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel135.pdf>

General Inspectorate of the Gendarmerie to the Civil Administration in Transnistria requesting that the latter permit the evacuation of the Jews of the Mogilev district to the Balta district. CA. p. 239.

136 (10.02.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel136.pdf>

Gendarmerie Inspectorate of Kishinev to the General Inspectorate in the matter of the investigation on the goods and cash taken by Captain I. Vetu from 118 Jews before their murder in the Tataresti camp, mentioning the fact that their murder was "legal". CA. pp. 240-241.

137 (11.02.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel137.pdf>

Minister for National Defense to the Minister of the Interior, on the creation of a joint commission to investigate the claims made by the Prefecture of the Sorooca district on the possessions of the Jews interned in the Marculesti camp, confiscated by the Army delegate. CA. p. 242.

138 (17.02.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel138.pdf>

Minutes of the commission's (see No. 137) inquiry in the matter of the abandoned possessions of the Jews of Marculesti deported to Transnistria; description of these objects; dispatch of the trains carrying them; transfer of the objects to the Ministry of National Defense. CA. pp. 243-250.

139 (24.02.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel139.pdf>

Resumé of the above, concluding that the objects were sent to the Central Depot of the Army (due to a typhoid epidemic, it was impossible to inventory the goods); handwritten note of the Deputy Minister of the Interior, General C. Vasiliu, stating that as the objects belong to the State the Ministry of Defense may transfer them to the Army. CA. pp. 251-252.

140 (02.03.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel140.pdf>

Ministry of the Interior in reply to the Prefect of the Sorooca district on the conclusions of the investigation mentioned above (see Nos. 137-139). CA. pp. 253-254.

141 (18.03.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel141.pdf>

Minutes of the meeting of the commission created by the Gendarmerie of Transnistria to investigate accusations against Sub-Prefect A. Moisev of the Mogilev Prefecture, accused of having received 500,000 lei from the Jews evacuated from Dorohoi as a bribe to enable them to remain in Mogilev.

(Note: first and last pages of the minutes are barely legible). YVA, 0-11/60. pp. 255-260.

142 (18.03.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel141.pdf>

Notes of the Gendarmerie Inspectorate of Transnistria to the General Inspectorate of the Gendarmerie, concerning the murder of 483 Jews from the camps of the Berezovka district by the Volksdeutsche police. YVA, 0-11/60; CA. p. 261.

143 (22.03.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel143.pdf>

Gendarmerie Inspectorate of Transnistria to the General Inspectorate, concerning the results of the investigation into the activities of the Sub-Prefect of Mogilev (see No. 141). 0-11/60. p. 262.

144 (24.03.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel143.pdf>

Inspectorate of the Transnistrian Gendarmerie, stating that the German Police at Mostovoi and Zavadovka (Berezovka district) shot 772 Jews of the camp of Cihrin-Berezovka on March 13, and SS-men killed 650 Jews from the camp of Hulievka-Berezovka. YVA, 0-11/59. p. 263.

145 (24.03.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel145.pdf>

Inspectorate of the Transnistrian Gendarmerie, to the effect that the SS shot 120 Jews from the village of Katouska and that 300 other Jews disappeared from the camp of Lisinovka. YVA, 0-11/59. p. 264.

146 (30.04.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel145.pdf>

State Secretary for Romanization, Colonization and Inventory of Dorohoi to the National Center for Romanization in Bucharest: statistical data on the number of Jewish houses left by those evacuated to Transnistria, and their reallocation to various authorities and individuals. YVA P-6. p. 265.

147 (27.02. - 20.05.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel147.pdf>

Ministry of Finance to the Romanian National Bank stating that the Minister, General N. Sc. Stoenescu, gives his approval that the jewelry and precious objects "taken over by the State in Bessarabia and Bukovina" be sold at a public auction. CA. pp. 266-267.

148 (1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel148.pdf>

Inspectorate of the Gendarmerie in Transnistria to the General Inspectorate reporting that the Civil Government of Transnistria suspended the Prefect of Mogilev, Lieutenant-Colonel Baleanu and his aides from their positions. CA. p. 268.

149 (25.05.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel148.pdf>

Instructions given by three Romanian officials in the Moghilev district regarding the deportation to the camp of Skazhinetz (Scazint) of 4,000 Czernowitz Jews currently enclosed in the Moghilev ghetto. YVA P-6/73. p. 269.

150 (25.05.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel150.pdf>

The President of the Jewish Committee in Moghilev ghetto to the Commander of the local Legion of Gendarmes, to the effect that the evacuation of the 4,000 Jews to the Skazhinetz camp meant their extermination. YVA P-6/73. pp. 270-271.

151 (04.06.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel151.pdf>

Presidency of the Council of Ministers to the National Bank of Romania instructing the latter to turn to the Ministry of Finance in all matters regarding the handling of gold and jewelry taken over from Jews. CA. p. 272.

152, 154, 155, 157, 161, 162 (08.06. - 14.11.1942)

► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel152.pdf>

Correspondence between the Office of the Commissioner for the Jewish Question, the Army High Command, and the Jewish Center, in the matter of assistance, medicine, surgical instruments, used clothes, money, utensils, food, etc. for the Jews deported to Transnistria. CA. pp. 273, 275, 276, 288, 297, 298.

153 (16.06.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel153.pdf>

Note of the Gendarmerie Inspectorate of Transnistria to the General Inspectorate, on the murder of 1,200 Jews from the Mostovoi camp by the local SS and police division of the German village of Lichtenfeld. YVA, 0-11/60. p. 274.

154-155 (1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel154.pdf>

See No. 152.

156 (4.07.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel156.pdf>

Memorandum by D. Popovici, Mayor of Czernowitz, regarding the "imperious necessity to put an end to the barbaric methods used during the evacuation of the Jews from Bukovina." The Mayor of Czernowitz protests to Antonescu against the deportations and the way in which they were implemented asking him to apply humanitarian principles. YVA, M-20/103. pp. 277-287.

157 (1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel157.pdf>

See No. 152.

158 (02.09.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel158.pdf>

First report of the Autonomous Welfare Commission of the Jewish Center regarding relief for the Jews in Transnistria. G. CA. pp. 289-293.

159 (09.09.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel159.pdf>

The Commissioner for Jewish Questions, R. Lecca informing the Jewish Center that the Government of Transnistria would permit schools to be opened for the deported children. CA. p. 294.

160 (16.10.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel159.pdf>

R. Lecca informing the Jewish Center that Marshal Antonescu approved the Army Headquarter's proposal regarding the ban of correspondence between the deportees in Transnistria and the Jews in Romania. CA. p. 295.

160A (03.11.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel160A.pdf>

The Commissioner for the Jewish Question to the Jewish Center concerning the ban on correspondence between Jews of Romania and Jews in Transnistria, but differing from Antonescu's order. CA. p. 296.

161-162 (1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel161.pdf>

See No. 152.

163 (18.11.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel163.pdf>

R. Lecca informing the Jewish Center that Marshal Antonescu permitted the (political) Jewish prisoners of the Vapniarka camp to receive winter clothes from Romanian Jews. CA. p. 299.

164 (November 1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel164.pdf>

Permit for the Administrator of the National Center for Romanization to appropriate furniture which had been left behind by Jews of Bucharest deported to Transnistria. YVA P-6/49. p. 300.

165 (28.11.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel164.pdf>

Army High Command, Transnistria Department, informing the Jewish Center that clothes could be sent to the Jews in the camps of Peciora, through the offices of the Government of Transnistria. CA. p. 301.

166 (07.12.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel166.pdf>

Idem, agreeing that the families of the Jewish political deportees to Transnistria send them dishes, blankets and winter clothes. CA. p. 302.

167 (12.12.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel166.pdf>

Presidency of the Council of Ministers transmitting to the Jewish Center mail from the deported Jews and asking that the replies be transmitted through the offices of the Cabinet for the Administration and Organization of Bessarabia, Bukovina and Transnistria. CA. p. 303.

- 168 (23.12.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel168.pdf>
Romanian Red Cross to the Jewish Center, announcing that the Army High Command had decided to suspend correspondence between the Jews in Transnistria and their families in Romania proper, limiting communication to collective missives through the district offices of the Jewish Center. CA. p. 304.
- 169 (24.12.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel168.pdf>
Ministry of National Economy informing R. Lecca that it was requesting that the Customs permit the Jewish Center to send used clothes to the deported Jews in Transnistria "tax-free." CA. p. 305.
- 170 (26.12.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel170.pdf>
Autonomous Welfare Commission of the Jewish Center: table of collective aid /to Transnistria/ between February 18 and December 12, 1942, including an list of the ghettos, camps, and other places of deportation. CA. pp. 306-314.
- 171 (29.12.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel171.pdf>
R. Lecca, the Commissioner for Jewish Questions, informing the Jewish Center that the Ministry for National Economy had intervened at the Customs to permit the free dispatch of used clothes for the deportees in Transnistria. CA. p. 315.
- 172 (30.12.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel172.pdf>
Presidency of the Council of Ministers informing the Minister for the National Economy that the Prime Minister had agreed that the Jewish Center send to Transnistria "tax-free" tools, medicine, surgical instruments and "all the objects strictly necessary for the welfare of the Jews deported to Transnistria." CA. p. 316.
- 173 (29.12.1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel173.pdf>
R. Lecca, the Commissioner for Jewish Questions, informing the Governor of Transnistria that according to the disposition of the Prime Minister (M. Antonescu) he delegated I. Mumuianu of his office together with four representatives of the Jewish Center to visit Transnistria "in order to establish on the spot the ways of assistance to the Jews and the measures to be taken for emigration." YVA, 0-11. p. 317.
- 174 (28.01.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel174.pdf>
Statistics concerning 3,000 orphans in the city and region of Mogilev. CA. p. 318.
- 175 (02.01.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel174.pdf>
R. Lecca, the Commissioner for Jewish Questions, to the Jewish Center announcing that the Civil Administration of Transnistria would permit the dispatch of two wagonloads of straw and used clothing to the deported Jews of Transnistria, as the aid sent to date was insufficient. CA. p. 319.
- 176 d(29.01.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel176.pdf>
R. Lecca asking the Jewish Center to intensify its welfare operation, the delegate sent by him to Transnistria having noted that the assistance dispatched to date was totally insufficient. CA. p. 320.

177 (12.02.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel176.pdf>

Third Army Corps to the Mogilev Garrison ordering the internment in ghettos of all the Jews of Mogilev until the Government of Transnistria allows their deportation towards the Bug river. YVA, O-11/60. p. 321.

178 (January 1942) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel178.pdf>

Text of the speech of F. Saraga, the delegate of the Autonomous Welfare Commission following his trip to Transnistria between December 31, 1942 and January 16, 1943: the extreme suffering of the Jews; the problem of the orphans; welfare institutions of the deportees in direct need; 75,000 deportees still alive. CA. pp. 322-328.

179 (27.02.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel179.pdf>

Ministry of Finance informing the National Bank that the Minister approved to donate to the watchmakers' school the mechanisms of the golden watches taken from the Jews "as they can not be sold at auction." CA. p. 329.

180 (10.03.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel180.pdf>

Ministry of Justice to the Minister of the Interior in the matter of criteria for the liberation of deportees in Transnistria. CA. p. 330.

181 (14.03.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel181.pdf>

Complementary note to the above, on the situation of the children and orphans in the camps in Transnistria, and suggestions for their rescue. CA. pp. 331-334.

182 (17.03.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel182.pdf>

Minutes of the meeting of the commission established by the Ministry of the Interior for the selection of Jews interned in the camp of Vapniarka, including lists of those Jews whom the commission was ready to liberate. CA. pp. 335-340.

183 (20.03.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel183.pdf>

Minister of the Interior to the General Inspectorate of the Gendarmerie, concerning the criteria for liberation of deportees in Transnistria. CA. p.341.

184-185 (22.03.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel184.pdf>

Letter of F. Saraga to the Autonomous Welfare Commission: the necessity to discover the actual number of deportees in order to properly distribute assistance; his approximation that there were 72,214 Jews in Transnistria; the need to integrate the local Ukrainian Jews into the welfare program. Includes a statistical table on the Jewish deportees in Transnistria according to localities. CA. pp. 342-350.

186 (1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel186.pdf>

First page of a detailed note regarding the statistical data contained in the table above (see Nos. 184-185) including the number of orphans.
(Note: Only this page of the document available.) CA. p. 351.

- 187 (31.03.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel187.pdf>
Army High Command to the Office of the Commissioner for Jewish Questions concerning machines necessary for Jewish workshops in Balta (Transnistria) to be supplied by the Jewish Center. CA. p. 352.
- 188 (10.03.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel188.pdf>
Report of the Autonomous Welfare Commission's Sub-Committee on a visit (first half of January 1943) to the ghettos and camps in Transnistria; internal Jewish structures. CA. pp. 353-358.
- 189 (1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel189.pdf>
File on I. Vetu prepared by the Inspectorate General of the Gendarmerie, recommending that he be brought to trial for misappropriation of Jewish property and goods. Includes 25 documents on his activity, and on his murder of 451 Jewish inmates of the Tataresti camp (spans August 8, 1941 to April 1943). YVA, 0-11/60. pp. 359-367.
- 190 (28.04.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel190.pdf>
Army High Command to the Office of the Commissioner for Jewish Questions in the matter of the supply of materials for Jewish workshops and factories to be erected in the Balta district (Transnistria). CA. p. 368.
- 191 (11.05.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel190.pdf>
Office of the Commissioner for Jewish Questions to the Jewish Center on utensils and materials for the organization of Jewish labor in Balta. CA. p. 369.
- 192 (28.05.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel192.pdf>
Commissioner for Jewish Questions to the Jewish Center, giving his permission that rubber and synthetic shoe soles be sent to Transnistria. CA. p. 370.
- 193 ((03.06.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel192.pdf>
Telegram of the Prefect of the Mogilev district to the Jewish Center, ordering immediate dispatch of clothes and footwear to the ghettos in the district. CA. p. 370.
- 194 (09.06.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel192.pdf>
Note of the Ministry of Interior including decisions of the inter-ministerial commission on the criteria for liberation of deportees, the primary criterion being the request on the part of the deportees to be repatriated to the USSR following the annexation of Bukovina and Bessarabia. CA. p. 371.
- 195 (15.06.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel195.pdf>
Ministry of Finance consents that the objects made of precious metals taken from the Jews evacuated from Bessarabia, Bukovina and Odessa, which could not be sold at auction, be delivered to the National Mint to be melted down. CA. p. 372.

- 196 (02.07.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel195.pdf>
Ministry of the Interior to Army Headquarters in the matter of the request by S. Hersovici to bring back to Romania a family of deported Jews presently in Golta, following a recommendation by Mrs. Antonescu. CA. p. 373.
- 197 (08.07.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel197.pdf>
Ministry of Justice, "Special Inter-Ministerial Commission for the Organization of the Treatment of the Jews," on the criteria for liberation of deportees in Transnistria and Antonescu's decision to deny the return of Jews to Romania proper. CA. pp. 374-375.
- 198 (08.07.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel198.pdf>
The Prime Minister's Office on the criteria established by Antonescu for the liberation of isolated Jews from Transnistria following the approval of the Ministers of Justice and Internal Affairs. CA. p. 376.
- 199-200 (26.07.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel199.pdf>
Jewish Center's Autonomous Welfare Commission on the creation of a jury to investigate those Jews refusing to participate in the welfare action in favor of the deportees in Transnistria: sample of form sent to Jews to request their donations. CA. pp. 377-378.
- 201 (27.07.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel201.pdf>
Note of S. Saraga on the seven Jews of German nationality, and thirteen others arrested by the Bucharest Prefecture, awaiting deportation to Transnistria. CA. p. 379.
- 202 (11.08.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel202.pdf>
Ministry of the Interior to the General Inspectorate of the Gendarmerie, requesting a list of Jews deported to Transnistria, with details as to how many are still alive, and where they are to be found. CA. p. 380.
- 203 (24.08.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel202.pdf>
Ministry of the Interior to the Minister of Justice, in answer to the above, on four categories of Jews deported to Transnistria. CA. p. 381.
- 204 (28.08.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel204.pdf>
Army High Command: list of 275 Jews deported to Transnistria for having infringed on forced labor laws. CA. pp. 382-389.
- 205 (31.08.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel205.pdf>
Filderman to the President of the Jewish Center, on the misery of the deportees in Mogilev according to his own eyewitness account, and the need to send them urgent assistance. YVA, 0-11/80. p. 390.

- 206-207 (s.d.) (1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel206.pdf>
Report on the results of the collection of clothes undertaken during July and August 1943, signed by the head of the Autonomous Welfare Commission. Includes a list of the Jewish schools which participated in the collection. CA. pp. 391-402.
- 208 (01.09.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel208.pdf>
Camp Service of the Ministry of the Interior: list of the 118 Jews who requested to be repatriated to the Soviet Union and were deported to Transnistria: includes recommendations for their eventual return. CA. pp. 403-420.
- 209 (03. - 09.09.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel209.pdf>
Gendarmerie Legion at Mogilev to the Ministry of the Interior in the matter of the preparation of a list of deportees originating from Darabani, Dorohoi and Herta. CA. p. 421.
- 209A (September 1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel209A.pdf>
Inspectorate of the Gendarmerie at Balta: list of 1,204 Jews–women, children and inapt men – originating from Dorohoi, Darabani and Herta, deported to the Mogilev district. CA. pp. 422-437.
- 210 (07.09.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel210.pdf>
President of the Jewish Center to the Commissioner for Jewish Questions, requesting to repatriate from Transnistria Jews originating from the Regat and Transylvania. Includes a list compiled by the Jewish Center of the categories of deported Jews whose return could be requested. CA. pp. 438-440.
- 211-213 (16.09.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel211.pdf>
General Inspectorate of the Gendarmerie to the Ministry of the Interior, on the preparation of a list of Jews deported to Transnistria due to their request for repatriation to the USSR; statistical study of Jews deported from Bessarabia and Bukovina; number of survivors in Transnistria; list of all Jews in the camp of Vapniarka. Addenda: 1) List of 598 Jews deported to Transnistria, having requested repatriation to the USSR in 1940; 2) List of the 18 Jews out of the previous List who were alive as of September 1, 1943; 3) Statistical study by districts of the Jews in the ghettos and camps of Transnistria: 50,741 still alive as of September 1, 1943. CA. pp. 441-457.
- 214 (23.09.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel214.pdf>
General Commissioner for Jewish Questions to the Prime Minister on the categories of Jews deported, requesting repatriation of those originating from the Regat, and the grouping of the orphans to permit better care by the Jewish Center. CA. pp. 458-459.
- 215 (23.09.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel215.pdf>
Vice-President of the Cabinet Council announcing Antonescu 's resolution to repatriate the widows of war invalids, heroes, and civil servants. CA. p. 460.

- 216 (September 1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel215.pdf>
Note (probably by F. Saraga) concerning urgent measures to be taken to ensure that assistance be received in the ghettos and camps of Transnistria. CA. p. 461.
- 217 (18.09.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel217.pdf>
Note (probably by F. Saraga) concerning the difficulties in welfare activities in Transnistria. CA. pp. 462-464.
- 218 (20.11.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel218.pdf>
Note (probably by F. Saraga) concerning the dangers incurred by the deportees with the approach of the front, and the situation of the deportees sent to the other side of the Bug. CA. pp. 465-468.
- 219 (05.10.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel219.pdf>
Autonomous Welfare Commission: detailed report concerning the situation of the Jewish deportees in Transnistria, including an recapitulation of assistance provided. CA. pp. 469-486.
- 220 (06.10.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel220.pdf>
Jewish Center to the Minister of the Interior, requesting an investigation into the situation of 1,200 Jews deported to September 1942, their possible repatriation, and special assistance for orphans and other categories of deportees. CA. pp. 487-488.
- 221 (06.10.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel221.pdf>
President of the Jewish Center to the branch at Dorohoi requesting urgently a list of the categories of Jews whose repatriation had been approved (by Antonescu). CA. p. 489.
- 222 (06.10.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel222.pdf>
Circular of the Jewish Center to its branches in the Regat, Transylvania and Banat, requesting urgently lists of local Jews who has been in Bessarabia and Bukovina at the time of the deportations. CA. p. 490.
- 223 (11.10.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel223.pdf>
Report by F. Saraga on the situation in Transnistria according to B. Aladar, a liberated deportee, and the urgent need to rescue the remaining deportees. CA. pp. 491-492.
- 224 (12.10.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel224.pdf>
Unsigned report on the problem of the return to Romani of the deported Jews, including the approximate number of survivors after the death of 61 % in the two preceding years. CA. pp. 493-495.
- 225 (19.10.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel225.pdf>
Note by F. Saraga on the meeting between the SS-officer Orendi and the President of the Jewish Center, Gingold: the former delivered a letter by the head of the camp at Varvarovka and reported on the urgent need for aid. CA. pp. 496-497.

- 226 (20.10.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel226.pdf>
Filderman's letter to the Committee for Relief Initiatives at the Jewish Center, congratulating them on their activity. CA. p. 498.
- 227 (21.10.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel226.pdf>
Note of F. Saraga on the imminent sale of the possessions of the Jews deported to Transnistria in retaliation for infractions of the law on forced labor. CA. p. 499.
- 228 (October 1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel228.pdf>
Letter of Colonel Emil (?) to the Jewish Center on the results of the inspection of the camps in Transnistria between September 20 and October 14, 1943; the problems in transferring assistance; stealing of assistance funds; the necessity to help Jews in a state of total misery in various camps. CA. pp. 500-503.
- 229 (01.11.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel229.pdf>
R. Lecca, the Commissioner for Jewish Questions, to the Governor of Bukovina to the effect that henceforth, in the Dorohoi district, exemptions from forced labor would be in his domain. CA. p. 504.
- 230 (04.11.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel230.pdf>
Text of the speech given on November 4 at the Yeshiva of the Sephardic Jews of Bucharest to Sephardic Jews and Jews holding foreign nationality, concerning the welfare activities in favor of the Jewish deportees in Transnistria; the necessity that all the Jews, including holders of foreign passports, contribute to these welfare activities. Includes some statistical data on the number of Jews in Romania and their employment. CA. pp.505-509.
- 231-233 (10.11.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel231.pdf>
Report of the Ministry of the Interior on the 110,033 Jews deported to Transnistria in 1941, and the reasons for their deportation; 50,741 survivors as of September 1, 1943; possibilities for their transfer back to Romania proper or to more favorable areas of Transnistria; the problem of the orphans. Addenda: the number of Jews deported in 1941 who survived; Jewish Communists, etc.; statistics concerning Jews deported in September 1942. CA. pp. 510-514.
- 234 (16.11.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel234.pdf>
Ministry of the Interior to the General Inspectorate of the Gendarmerie on the decision to return to Romania certain categories of Jews who had been deported to Transnistria. CA. pp. 515-516.
- 235 (18.-22.11.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel235.pdf>
"Pro Memoria" on the daily activities of the Jewish Center (November 18-22, 1943) stressing the urgent need to aid the deportees. CA. p. 517.
- 236 (17.11.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel236.pdf>
Note by General Tobescu regarding the preparations for the repatriation of the Jews deported to Transnistria; includes statistics on the Jews and their dispersion in the area; the problem of the orphans, specific requests by Filderman. CA. pp. 518-521.

- 237 (25.11.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel237.pdf>
First page of F. Saraga's report concerning the approximate number of Jewish orphans in Transnistria and attempts to bring them back to Romania. CA. p. 522.
(Note: only this page of the document available.)
- 238 (13.12.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel238.pdf>
F. Saraga's report on his visit to the ghetto of Mogilev (December 8-12) regarding practical measures and preparations for the return of those who survived from among the Jews of Dorohoi deported to Transnistria in autumn 1941. YVA P-6/79. pp. 523-526.
- 239 (22.12.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel239.pdf>
Report by D. Rosenkranz and C. Billig, delegates of the Jewish Center to Transnistria, regarding the return of Jews from this area via Tighina-Tiraspol. YVA P-6/79. pp. 527-536.
- 240 (25.12.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel240.pdf>
Unsigned note on conditions in the camp of Vapniarka and Grosulova; the problem of the repatriation of deportees in Transnistria. CA. pp. 537-538.
- 241 (December 1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel241.pdf>
Report on the repatriation to Romania proper of the first group of Jewish deportees on December 19. CA. pp. 539-540.
- 242 s.d. (1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel242.pdf>
Note found after the war in the files of the Commissioner for Jewish Questions, R. Lecca, emanating from the Ministry of the Interior (Secret File "Transnistria"), regarding the number of Jews and Gypsies presumed killed in Transnistria by Romanians or Germans. YVA, 0-11/47. p. 541.
(Note: For more details regarding the File "Transnistria", see M. Carp: Cartea Neagra, Bucuresti 1946, Vol. I, p. 9, note 1.)
- 243 (29.12.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel243.pdf>
R. Lecca, Commissioner for Jewish Questions, to N. Gingold, President of the Jewish Center, ordering that the latter distribute 10,000 lei to each family of Jews repatriated from Transnistria, and 5,000 to each orphan – from the taxes collected for issued cards of exemption from forced labor. CA. p. 542.
- 244 (29.12.1943) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel243.pdf>
Copy of a letter by the Commissioner for Jewish Questions to the Jewish Center on the 78 rich Jews from Bucharest who did not contribute to welfare activities on behalf of the deportees. CA. p. 543.
- 245-253 (January 1944) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel245.pdf>
Lists of orphans in the camps and ghettos of Balta, Bershada, Olgopol, Obodovka, Torkanovka, Tibulovca-Noua, Tibulovca-Vechi, Shargorod. YVA, 0-11/43; CA. pp. 544-574.

254 (03.01.1944) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel254.pdf>

Note by F. Saraga regarding the categories of the 6,053 Jews who returned from Transnistria including 204 orphans, and the best way to assist them. CA. p. 575.

255 (06.03.1944) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel255.pdf>

Report by D. Rosenkranz on the return to Romania of 446 orphan children from the Balta district with the assistance of the local Romanian authorities. YVA P-6/95. pp. 576-586.

256 (15.01.1946) ► <http://hauster.de/data/Ancel/Ancel256.pdf>

Minister of Finance A. Alexandrini acquitting the Romanian National Bank of any responsibility for the "taking-over of precious metals, jewelry, gold coins, foreign currency, etc., from the Jews of Bessarabia, Bukovina and the Regat from 1941-1942," because "they were made by you in the name of the Romanian State." CA. p. 587.